Isoflavonoid Production in a Hairy Roots Culture of *Pueraria* candollei

Latiporn Udomsuk^a, Kanokwan Jarukamjorn^a, Hiroyuki Tanaka^b, and Waraporn Putalun^a,*

- ^a Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Khon Kaen University, Khon Kaen, 40002, Thailand. Fax: +66-43-2 02-3 79. E-mail: waraporn@kku.ac.th
- b Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Kyushu University, Fukuoka 812-8582, Japan
- * Author for correspondence and reprint requests

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A hairy roots culture of *Pueraria candollei* was established using *Agrobacterium rhizogenes* ATCC15834 and grown in half-strength Murashige and Skoog (MS) medium. The highest production of total isoflavonoids was found to be (36.48 $\frac{1}{2}$ 4.09) mg/g dry wt [(3.39 $\frac{1}{2}$ 0.20) mg/g dry wt puerarin, (29.91 $\frac{1}{2}$ 3.74) mg/g dry wt daidzin, (1.65 $\frac{1}{2}$ 0.09) mg/g dry wt genistin, (0.76 $\frac{1}{2}$ 0.03) mg/g dry wt daidzein, and (0.76 $\frac{1}{2}$ 0.03) mg/g dry wt genistein, respectively]. The total isoflavonoid content in hairy roots of *P. candollei* was 5.18-fold higher than that of the native tuber. Effects of sucrose content and medium type on growth and isoflavonoid production were investigated. 5% (w/v) Sucrose was an optimum content for the growth and isoflavonoid accumulation in *P. candollei* hairy roots. Half-strength MS medium had the highest effect for biomass production whereas woody plant medium had mostly stimulated isoflavonoid content in hairy roots.

Key words: Isoflavonoid, Hairy Roots Culture, Pueraria candollei